

Part I: Demography

1. Racial composition of the US population: 1990s and historical trends
2. Geographic distribution
3. Components of change: birth, death and immigration
4. Projections

Part II: Disparities in the 1990s and trends in disparities

1. Economic status

a. Income and Poverty

b. Labor markets

employment, unemployment, non-employment
hours

wages and non-wage compensation

occupation/industry

non-wage characteristics of jobs (e.g., working conditions, healths

risks)

disability

c. Wealth/credit

financial

business ownership

home ownership

retirement wealth

credit and credit institutions

2. Educational status

a. Enrollment

Drop out rates; college enrollment and completion rates

b. Quality of schooling

c. Achievement

d. Training

3. Health status and health care

a. Health status

Pregnancy and infancy

Child hood and young adulthood

Adulthood

Older ages

{Specific diseases or conditions}

b. Health care

Insurance

Availability of health services

Health behaviors

Bruce -
From CEA can
an agenda for
study.
I think it's
pretty good.

Elena

Race Inst.

4. Political status
 - a. Voting
 - b. Holding public office
 - c. Other political participation

5. Criminal justice
 - a. Offenders and victims
 - b. Criminal justice process (sentencing etc.)

6. Family organization
 - a. Family structure
 - b. Other family patterns (fostering, adoption, extension etc.)
 - c. Living arrangements and family support of the older population

7. Impact of immigration
 - a. Labor markets
 - b. Education
 - c. Other

Part III: Race relations

1. Racial attitudes and behaviors
(ACD is very good on history of black white attitudes/opinions. Needs to be expanded to other groups and updated.)
2. Racial segregation
 - Residences
 - Schools
 - Workplaces
 - Other
3. Bias crimes, etc.
4. Developments in the 1990s
 - Rodney King beating trials and riots
 - OJ Simpson trials
 - The Bell Curve controversy
 - Challenge to Affirmative Action in California

Part IV: Discrimination

1. Measurement/methods: econometric vs. audit studies
2. Links between discrimination and outcomes.
(Issue: Audit studies prove discrimination exists, but how much of the disparities documented in Part II can be attributed, directly or indirectly, to discrimination?)
3. Causes of discriminatory behavior

4. Consequences of discrimination for society
Has the nature of discrimination changed?