

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

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DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION COPY
001. note	Churck Allen to Lowell Weiss [partial] (1 page)	6/3/1998	P6/b(6)
002a. paper	NSC Staff Comments (1 page)	n.d.	P5
002b. paper	LOS Convention (1 page)	n.d.	P5 6117
002c. email	Charles Allen to Legislative Affairs, re: LOS/POTUS Oceans Conf (1 page)	5/29/1998	P5

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Speechwriting
Lowell Weiss
OA/Box Number: 17194

FOLDER TITLE:

Law of the Sea [National Ocean Conference 6/12/98]

Whitney Ross
2006-0470-F
wr645

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

- C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.
- PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).
- RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

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1. Senate advice and consent to the ratification of the Law of the Sea Convention: There are important national security, economic, and environmental reasons to become a party to the LOS Convention; as well as interagency consensus that the Administration should seek to do so. However, the LOS has competed with other treaties for attention. Lost in this shuffle is our view that **ratification of the LOS would provide the President with a lasting legal legacy to national security and to the rule of law on the world's oceans.**

Because ratification of the Convention should appeal across interest spectrums a small investment in Presidential capital could go a long way. Moreover, timing is important.

The U.S. as one of the major industrialized nations is guaranteed seats on critical deep seabed mining executive bodies. We have held these positions provisionally since 1994, but the final extension of provisional membership expires in November 1998. Thus, if we are not Party by then, we lose these positions, and it is unclear when we would be able to assume them again even if we become Party next year.

NSC Staff Comments

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001. draft

Juvenile Justice language from DOJ (1 page)

12/04/97

P5

6118

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Speechwriting
Lowell Weiss
OA/Box Number: 17193

FOLDER TITLE:

School Violence Radio Address 12/5/97 [2]

Whitney Ross
2006-0470-F
WT578

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

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Juvenile justice legislation was considered this year, but did not pass. It is critical that next year, Congress pass a juvenile justice bill that does ~~at least three things~~. First, it must guarantee substantial, dedicated funding for juvenile crime prevention. There is no question that we need to prosecute and punish young people who threaten the safety of our communities. But we must also invest in the many millions more young people who have not gotten into trouble -- but are at risk of doing so. This is why I have called repeatedly for funding for after-school programs and other juvenile crime prevention efforts that enrich children's lives, enhance their opportunities, and protect our communities. It is police who sound this message louder than anyone: juvenile crime prevention programs are the key to stopping crime from going back up in this country.

Second, we must make it illegal for people who have committed serious, violent crimes as juveniles to obtain handguns when they become adults. We outlaw gun possession for dangerous adults, but at the moment, it is possible that a person could commit a dangerous or violent felony at 17 -- and buy a gun at 21. I urge Congress to close this loophole.

Third, the juvenile justice legislation must maintain, in reasonably strict form, the requirements that separate juvenile delinquents from adult detainees in custody. There is no better way to turn a delinquent into a hardened criminal than to surround him with hardened criminals day and night. I will resist efforts by this Congress to do away with the provisions that require a reasonable separation between delinquents and adult criminals in jail.

Lowell - proposed juvenile justice language
This is from DOJ Justice. I
don't entirely agree w/ their
Third point so don't include
just yet.

Reame